

# Recitation 11: Convergence Tests

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**Theorem** (Divergence Test). *If  $\sum a_n$  converges, then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$ , and if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n \neq 0$ , then  $\sum a_n$  diverges.*

**Theorem** (Integral Test). *If  $f$  is positive, continuous, and decreasing for  $x \geq 1$  and  $a_n = f(n)$ , then*

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \quad \text{and} \quad \int_1^{\infty} f(x) dx$$

*either both converge or diverge.*

**Theorem** (*p*-Series Test). *The p-series*

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p} = \frac{1}{1^p} + \frac{1}{2^p} + \frac{1}{3^p} + \frac{1}{4^p} + \cdots$$

- *converges if  $p > 1$ , and*
- *diverges if  $0 < p \leq 1$ .*

**Theorem** (Ratio Test). *Let  $\sum a_n$  be a series with nonzero terms.*

- *$\sum a_n$  converges absolutely if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| < 1$ .*
- *$\sum a_n$  diverges if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| > 1$  or  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \infty$ .*
- *The Ratio Test is inconclusive if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = 1$ .*

**Theorem** (Root Test). *Let  $\sum a_n$  be a series.*

- $\sum a_n$  converges absolutely if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} < 1$ .
- $\sum a_n$  diverges if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} > 1$  or  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = \infty$ .
- The Root Test is inconclusive if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = 1$ .

**Theorem** (Comparison Test). *Let  $0 \leq a_n \leq b_n$  for all  $n$ .*

- If  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$  converges, then  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  converges.
- If  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  diverges, then  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$  diverges.

**Example.** Determine whether the series converges or diverges.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{\ln(n)}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\ln(n)} \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1/x} = \infty,$$

so the series diverges by the Divergence Test.

**Example.** Determine whether the series converges or diverges.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}$

Since  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2+1}$  satisfies the conditions for the integral test

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^r \frac{dx}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \arctan(x) \Big|_1^r = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4},$$

so the series converges by the Integral Test.

**Example.** Determine whether the series converges or diverges.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2n^{-3/2}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2n^{-3/2} = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}},$$

so the series diverges by the  $p$ -Series Test.

**Example.** Determine whether the series converges or diverges.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 2^{n+1}}{3^n}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1)^2 2^{n+2} 3^{-(n+1)}}{n^2 2^{n+1} 3^{-n}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n+1)^2}{3n^2} = \frac{2}{3} < 1$$

so the series converges by the Ratio Test

**Example.** Determine the convergence or divergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2n}}{n^n}$ .

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{e^{2n}}{n^n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^2}{n} = 0 < 1$$

so the series converges by the Root Test

**Example.** Determine whether the series converges or diverges  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{k}}$ .

The series looks similar to a divergent  $p$ -series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2}}$ , but alas  $\frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{n}} \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$  for each  $n > 1$ . So compare it to the harmonic series. Then  $a_n = \frac{1}{n} \leq \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{n}} = b_n$ , so since

$\sum a_n$  diverges, so does  $\sum b_n$  by the Comparison Tests



## Assignment

Recitation Notebook:

§8.4 - #1, #2, #3

§8.5 - #1, #2, #3

Recommended Problems (not for grade):

§8.4 - #4

§8.5 - #5

As always, you may work in groups, but every member must individually submit a homework assignment.